

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

# mira 4650 aqua stop flexibel

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name

**mira 4650 aqua stop flexibel**

Product no.

**2210758**

Unique formula identifier (UFI)

**37VD-X0T3-0001-RW01**

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

**Cement-based construction products**

Uses advised against

**No special**

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company and address

**mira byggeprodukter a/s**

Egegårdsvej 2

4621 Gadstrup

+45 46 19 19 46

[www.mira.eu.com](http://www.mira.eu.com)

Contact person

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E-mail

[info@mira.eu.com](mailto:info@mira.eu.com)

SDS date

**2021-05-12**

SDS Version

**1.0**

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service).

See section 4 "First aid measures".

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Irrit. 2; H315, Causes skin irritation.

Eye Dam. 1; H318, Causes serious eye damage.

STOT SE 3; H335, May cause respiratory irritation.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word

**Danger**

Hazard statement(s)

- Causes skin irritation.
- Causes serious eye damage.
- May cause respiratory irritation.

Safety statement(s)

General

P102, Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention

- P261, Avoid breathing dust.
- P280, Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

- P301+P310, IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.
- P305+P351+P338, IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage

-

Disposal

P501, Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous substances

- Sand
- Cement, portland, chemicals (white)
- Limestone
- Calcium diformate
- Titanium dioxide

2.3. Other hazards

Additional labelling

The content of water-soluble chromate is less than 2 ppm in dry storage up to 12 months from production date. If stored under moist conditions, chromate reduction may be impaired.

Additional warnings

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to meet the criteria classifying them as PBT and/or vPvB.

Upon mixing the product with water it will become corrosive.

When wet concrete or mortar is trapped against the skin by falling inside a worker's boots or gloves or by soaking through protective clothing—the result may be first, second, or third degree burns.

The product contains quartz; working processes in which respirable quartz dust can be developed are covered by the EU cancer Regulation.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
Cement, portland, chemicals (white)	CAS No.: 65997-15-1	25-40%	STOT SE 3, H335 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
	EC No.: 266-043-4			
	REACH:			
	Index No.:			
Limestone	CAS No.: 1317-65-3	1-3%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335	
	EC No.: 215-279-6			
	REACH:			

	Index No.:	
Titanium dioxide	CAS No.: 13463-67-7	<1%
	EC No.: 236-675-5	
	REACH:	
	Index No.:	

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See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

Other information

No special

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General information

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person’s condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

#### Inhalation

Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.

#### Skin contact

Skin in contact with wet cement should be washed immediately with large amounts of cool clean water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Eye contact

Upon irritation of the eye: Remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with plenty of water or salt water (20-30°C) for at least 15 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Make sure you flush under the upper and lower eyelids. Seek medical assistance immediately and continue flushing.

#### Ingestion

Provide plenty of water for the person to drink and stay with him/her. In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the victim lean forward with head down to avoid inhalation of- or choking on vomited material.

#### Burns

Not applicable

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Workers using cement may develop an allergy to chromium, with symptoms ranging from a mild rash to severe skin ulcers. In addition to skin reactions, hexavalent chromium can cause occupational asthma. Symptoms include wheezing and difficulty breathing. Workers may develop both skin and respiratory allergies to hexavalent chromium.

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned:

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

#### Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are:

Carbon oxides (CO / CO<sub>2</sub>).

Some metal oxides.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service) in order to obtain further advice.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect spills carefully. Moist the material with water in order to prevent the formation and propagation of dust.

To the extent possible cleaning is performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 on "Disposal considerations" in regard of handling of waste.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid direct contact with the product.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Powder trickling out onto the floor or onto other containers must be prevented.

Recommended storage material

Always store in containers of the same material as the original container.

Storage temperature

Store in a closed original container in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

—  
Cement, portland, chemicals (white)

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>): 10(inhalable)/4(respirable)

—  
Limestone

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, as implemented by EC-Regulation 2015/830

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>): 10(inhalable)/4(respirable)

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. SI 2002/2677 The Stationery Office 2002.  
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

#### DNEL

<b>Product/substance</b>	Calcium diformate
<b>DNEL</b>	337 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Route of exposure</b>	Inhalation
<b>Duration</b>	Long term – Systemic effects
<b>Product/substance</b>	Calcium diformate
<b>DNEL</b>	4780 mg/kg
<b>Route of exposure</b>	Dermal
<b>Duration</b>	Long term – Systemic effects

#### PNEC

No data available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

##### General recommendations

Provide adequate hygiene facilities on site for workers to wash hands and face at the end of a job and before eating, drinking, smoking, or using the toilet. Facilities for cleaning boots and changing clothes should also be available.

Clothing contaminated by wet cement should be quickly removed. Skin in contact with wet cement should be washed immediately with large amounts of cool clean water.

If possible, avoid working processes where respiratory quartz dust may be developed.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

##### Exposure scenarios

There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.

##### Exposure limits

Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.

##### Appropriate technical measures

Mix dry cement in well-ventilated areas.

Work in ways that minimize the amount of cement dust released.

In connection with work processes in which respirable quartz dust can be developed e.g. when cutting and drilling in concrete, extracted air must not be recycled according to EU Cancer Regulation.

##### Hygiene measures

In between use of the product and at the end of the working day all exposed areas of the body must be washed thoroughly. Always wash hands, forearms and face.

Don't wash your hands with water from buckets used for cleaning tools.

##### Measures to avoid environmental exposure

No specific requirements

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

##### Generally

Use only CE marked protective equipment.


##### Respiratory Equipment

Work situation	Type	Class	Colour	Standards
	For dusty work use a dust mask with particle filter P2.			


#### Skin protection

Work situation	Recommended	Type/Category	Standards
	Remove soiled clothing and wash skin thoroughly with soap and water when work is complete.		

#### Hand protection

Work situation	Material	Glove thickness (mm)	Breakthrough time (min.)	Standards
	Protective gloves made of eg PVC, neoprene and vinyl			

#### Eye protection

Work situation	Type	Standards
	Safety glasses	

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form

**Powder**

Colour

**White**

Odour

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Odour threshold (ppm)

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

pH

11 - 13 (20° C)

Density (g/cm<sup>3</sup>)

1450000.00

Viscosity

Does not apply to solids.

Phase changes

Melting point (°C)

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Boiling point (°C)

Does not apply to solids.

Vapour pressure

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Vapour density

Does not apply to solids.

Decomposition temperature (°C)

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Evaporation rate (n-butylacetate = 100)

Data on fire and explosion hazards

Flash point (°C)

Does not apply to solids.

Ignition (°C)

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Auto flammability (°C)

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Explosion limits (% v/v)

Does not apply to solids.

Explosive properties

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Oxidizing properties

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Solubility

Solubility in water

**Soluble**

n-octanol/water coefficient

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Solubility in fat (g/L)

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

9.2. Other information

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

**No data available**

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**No special**

10.4. Conditions to avoid

**No special**

10.5. Incompatible materials

**Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.**

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<b>Product/substance</b>	Calcium diformate
<b>Test method</b>	
<b>Species</b>	Rat

<b>Route of exposure</b>	Oral
<b>Test</b>	LD50
<b>Result</b>	2650 mg/kg
<b>Other information</b>	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Long term effects

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Other information

Sand has been classified by IARC as a group 1 carcinogen.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

<b>Product/substance</b>	Calcium diformate
<b>Test method</b>	
<b>Species</b>	Fish
<b>Compartment</b>	
<b>Duration</b>	48 hours
<b>Test</b>	LC50
<b>Result</b>	>1000 mg/L
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Product/substance</b>	Calcium diformate
<b>Test method</b>	



<b>Species</b>	Daphnia
<b>Compartment</b>	
<b>Duration</b>	48 hours
<b>Test</b>	EC50
<b>Result</b>	>1000 mg/L
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Product/substance</b>	Calcium diformate
<b>Test method</b>	
<b>Species</b>	Algae
<b>Compartment</b>	
<b>Duration</b>	72 hours
<b>Test</b>	EC50
<b>Result</b>	>1000 mg/L
<b>Other information</b>	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Calcium diformate

LogKoc = 1.49, High mobility potential.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to meet the criteria classifying them as PBT and/or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No special

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product is covered by the regulations on hazardous waste.

HP 4 - Irritant (skin irritation and eye damage)

HP 5 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc.

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste.

EWC code

17 09 03 Other construction and demolition wastes (including mixed wastes) containing dangerous substances - Unhardened material

17 09 04 Mixed construction and demolition wastes other than those mentioned in 17 09 01, 17 09 02 and 17 09 03 - Fully hardened material

Specific labelling

Not applicable

Contaminated packing

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 - 14.4

Not dangerous goods according to ADR, IATA and IMDG.

ADR/RID

Not applicable

IMDG

Not applicable

"MARINE POLLUTANT"

No

IATA

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Restrictions for application

No special

Demands for specific education

No specific requirements

SEVESO - Categories / dangerous substances

Not applicable

Additional information

Not applicable

Sources

Council Directive 94/33/EC of 22 June 1994 on the protection of young people at work.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (CLP).

Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

## SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

H335, May cause respiratory irritation.

H318, Causes serious eye damage.

H315, Causes skin irritation.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CE = Conformité Européenne

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment  
CSR = Chemical Safety Report  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances  
ES = Exposure Scenario  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
EWC = European Waste Catalogue  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
RRN = REACH Registration Number  
SCL = A specific concentration limit.  
SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern  
STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure  
STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure  
TWA = Time weighted average  
UN = United Nations  
UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance  
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Additional information

The classification of the substance/mixture in regard of health hazards are in accordance with the calculation methods given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

The safety data sheet is validated by

Reyhane r. Kanafi

#### Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a blue triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: GB-en